Standard-documentation
Meta information
(Definitions, comments, methods, quality)

on

Aquaculture Production Survey

This documentation is valid from the reference period:

2011

Status: 19.11.2015

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Executive Summary

Statistics on aquaculture production record data on the production of food fish, juveniles and fish eggs and on the structure of the enterprises engaged in this production. They are compiled annually as primary statistics in the form of a full survey. This involves contacting all enterprises that can be assumed to have been engaged in such production in the previous calendar year.

The survey was first conducted nationally in 1996 (on the 1995 production year). It has been based on the ministerial decree in Federal Law Gazette (BGBl.) II No. 344/2012 since 2012 (on the 2011 production year; also start of the validity of this documentation) and has been implemented in a far more comprehensive form than in previous years. The associated changes in survey modalities (extended range of characteristics, survey at enterprise level, etc.) have also resulted in striking breaks in the time series. Consequently, results up to the 2010 production year can only be compared with the results of subsequent years to a limited extent, if at all.

The annual population is formed by the active enterprises in Statistics Austria’s Aquaculture Production Database (AQ-DB), which also contains all data from previous surveys. The Veterinary Information System (VIS) and other sources are used to update this basic data and add other enterprises as promptly as possible before the survey commences (see Figure 1).

The basic problem when forming the annual population is that the data sources available do not contain a clear characteristic that would indicate actual aquaculture production (within the meaning of the EU regulation). Although all enterprises contacted for the first time can be linked to aquaculture, none of the data sources shown in Figure 1 clearly indicates whether this is also connected to market activity. Depending on the sources used and developments there, the population of the number of enterprises fluctuates fairly significantly in some years, but usually hovers around the 1 000 mark.

Participation in the survey is mandatory for all respondents and is based on the following principles:

**Aquaculture** – i.e. in the present case the farming of fish – implies some form of intervention in the rearing process to enhance production, such as regular stocking, feeding and protection from predators. Farming also implies individual or corporate ownership of, and/or rights resulting from contractual arrangements to, the stock being cultivated.

However, fish which are exploited by the public as a common property resource, with or without appropriate licences, are included in the fisheries sector.

**Aquaculture production** refers to the volume of fish produced under the circumstances described above which – whether live or raw or in processed form (e.g. smoked or as a fish dish) – has been sold or distributed on the basis of a contract including this performance (e.g. in connection with the stocking of waters in the wild).
### Aquaculture Production Survey – Main Features

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject matter</th>
<th>Survey of production in aquaculture facilities and associated production conditions (such as, for example, types of facilities and causes of production losses)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Population</td>
<td>Domestic enterprises with farming of aquaculture facilities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of statistics</td>
<td>Primary statistical survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data sources/Survey techniques</td>
<td>Data sources: population (master data) formed from the Veterinary Information System (VIS) and Agriculture and Forestry Register (AFR) using domestic enterprises that are registered with at least one aquaculture establishment. Survey format: full survey (conducted using questionnaires sent by post; all relevant documents are also available in electronic format (PDF, in German only) from the Statistics Austria website). Return of questionnaires: 50% by post; 20% each by email and telephone; 10% by fax.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reference period or due day</td>
<td>Calendar year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Periodicity</td>
<td>Annual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Survey participation (in case of a survey)</td>
<td>Obligatory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Most detailed regional breakdown</td>
<td>Austria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Availability of results</td>
<td>Within a year of the end of the reporting period</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>The definition of enterprise in aquaculture production goes beyond that of ÖNACE Section A 03.22 Freshwater aquaculture. The decisive factor is whether or not market activities were performed in connection with the aquaculture activity. Definitions: Production year: calendar year (t) in which production takes place. Survey year: calendar year (t+1) in which the survey on the production year takes place.</td>
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</tbody>
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